## softEXTRUSION 2004 Workshop

## National Science Foundation, NSF Luso-American Development Foundation, FLAD

**October 14-18,** 

Hotel D. João II, Alvor (Algarve) PORTUGAL

**Programme & Abstracts** 

## SCIENTIFIC PROGRAMME

SCIENTIFIC I ROUMANDE								
Thursday October 14 <sup>th</sup> P.M.	15:00-17:45  Coffee  17:45-17:55  17:55-18:05  18:05-18:25  18:25-19:00  Dinner	Welcome (C. Buchanan) Presentation of the programme (J. A. Covas) NSF Partnership for innovation (C. Hill-Herndon) Innovation and technology transfer (C. Bernardo/J. Kennedy)						
	09:00-09:50	State-of-the-art on extruder modeling Fundamentals of polymer melt flow in single screw extruders - from analytical modeling to computer simulations (Ica Manas Zloczower, Case Western Reserve University, USA)						
Friday October 15 <sup>th</sup> A.M.	09:50-10:40  Coffee break	Modeling and simulation of plasticating single screw extrusion, state of the art and remaining challenges ( <i>C. Rauwendaal, Rauwendaal Extrusion Engineering, USA</i> )						
	11:00-11:50	Modeling of flow and chemistry in twin screw extruders (B. Vergnes, Cemef, France)						
	11:50-12:40 <i>Lunch</i>	Modeling of polymer flow in forming tools (J. M. Nóbrega, University of Minho, Portugal)						
	14:30-15:20	Quantitative analysis of mixing in extrusion processes (Ica Manas Zloczower, Case Western Reserve University, USA)						
	15:20-16:10	Stress, velocity and temperature field measurements in polymer melt flows ( <i>P. D. Coates</i> , <i>University of Bradford, UK</i> )						
Friday October 15 P.M.	Coffee break 16:30-17:20	Optimization-based design of extruders (J. A. Covas, University of Minho, Portugal)						
	17:20-18:10	Recent developments in die design (O. S. Carneiro, University of Minho, Portugal)						
	Dinner 21:00-22:30	POSTER SESSION						

	09:00-09:50	Numerical methods for modeling fiber and film formation (S.D. Phillips, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA)
Saturday	09:50-10:40 Coffee break	Real-time monitoring of microstructure during film processing (A. Ogale, Clemson University, USA)
October 16 <sup>th</sup> A.M.	11:00-11:50	Modeling flow-enhanced crystallization in fiber spinning and film blowing (A. McHugh, Lehigh University, USA)
	11:50-12:40 <i>Lunch</i>	Molecular simulation of polymer crystallization during processing (R. Rutledge, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, USA)
		Presentation of modeling packages
	09:00-09:30	BEMflow (C. Rauwendaal, Rauwendaal Extrusion Engineering, USA)
	09:30-10:00	Polyflow - Getting the right balance in extrusion ( <i>T. Marchal</i> , <i>Fluent Benelux</i> , <i>Belgium</i> )
Monday	10:00-10:30	Presentation of Ludovic <sup>©</sup> software ( <i>B. Vergnes, Cemef, France</i> )
October 18 <sup>th</sup>	Coffee break	
AM.	10:50-11:40 11:40-12:10	ITXtrude, REEflow (C. Rauwendaal, Rauwendaal Extrusion Engineering, USA) FISIM (C. Cox, Clemson University, USA)
	12:10-12:40	Flow 2000 ( <i>J. Perdikoulias</i> , <i>COMPUPLAST</i> , <i>USA</i> )
	Lunch	
Company   Comp		Successful application of software to solve industrial problems
	14:30-16:10	C. Rauwendaal, Rauwendaal Extrusion Engineering, USA
		T. Marchal, Fluent Benelux, Belgium
Monday +		J. Perdikoulias, COMPUPLAST, USA
October 18 <sup>th</sup>	Coffee break	
P.M.	16:30-18:00	Discussion Donal, the magninements for the actional was of madelling and alling
10 mm (A) 10 mm		Discussion Panel: the requirements for the optimal use of modelling packages ( software providers, lecturers, participants)
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	18:00-18:10	Closure (C. Bernardo / J. Kennedy
	Dinner	

## Recent developments in die design

O. S. Carneiro<sup>(1)</sup>, J. M. Nóbrega<sup>(1)</sup>, F. T. Pinho<sup>(2)</sup>, P. J. Oliveira<sup>(3)</sup>,

(1)IPC, Department of Polymer Engineering, Universidade do Minho,
Campus de Azurém, 4800-058 Guimarães, Portugal
(2)Centro de Estudos de Fenómenos de Transporte, Departamento de Engenharia Mecânica,
Universidade do Minho, Campus de Azurém, 4800-058 Guimarães, Portugal
(3)Departamento de Engenharia Electromecânica, Universidade da Beira Interior,
Rua Marquês D'Ávila e Bolama, 6200 Covilhã, Portugal

In the past, the design of profile extrusion dies was essentially based on experimental trial-and-error procedures, relying essentially on the designers experience and usually being very time, material and equipment consuming. During the last decades, the development of software packages for the mathematical modelling of the flow of polymer melts transformed this trial-and-error procedure from an experimental to a numerical based operation, being the generation of the successive solutions still committed to the designer. More recently, the goal is the automatic die design, i.e., to perform the optimization of the tool design without any user intervention.

This work focuses essentially on the recent contributions towards the automatic extrusion die design concept, particularly that developed by the authors. It describes the methodology developed to automatically balance the flow in profile extrusion dies, the scheme implemented to carry out the automatic search of the final solution and the integration of the different routines required (pre-processor, computational rheology code and optimisation algorithm). The optimization methodology is then applied to a particular case study, using different design strategies. The performance and sensitivity of the resulting dies is also discussed.

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